University of St Andrews

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

The ParaPhrase and RePhrase Projects: Programming Parallel Systems using High-Level Patterns

Kevin Hammond

University of St Andrews, Scotland

Invited Talk at PEPGUM 2015

Amsterdam, January 21st 2015

T: *@paraphrase_fp7*

E: *kh@cs.st-andrews.ac.uk*

W: **http://www.paraphrase-ict.eu**

cost

EPSRC

sicsa*

PARAPHRASE

University of St Andrews

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

ParaPhrase Project: Parallel Patterns for Heterogeneous Multicore Systems (ICT-288570), 2011-2015, €4.2M budget

13 Partners, 8 European countries

UK, Italy, Germany, Austria, Ireland, Hungary, Poland, Israel

Coordinated by Kevin Hammond St Andrews

AGH

ELTE Soft

Erlang SOLUTIONS

HLRS

Queen's University Belfast

National College of Ireland

ROBERT GORDON UNIVERSITY·ABERDEEN

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO
ALMA UNIVERSITAS TAURINENSIS

Mellanox TECHNOLOGIES

scch software competence center hagenberg

UNIVERSITÀ DI PISA

University of St Andrews

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

RePhrase Project:Refactoring Parallel Heterogeneous Software – a Software Engineering Approach (ICT-644235), 2015-2018, €3.5M budget

8 Partners, 6 European countries

UK, Spain, Italy, Austria, Hungary, Israel

Coordinated by Kevin Hammond St Andrews

IBM

it's possible! evopro

PRQA Programming Research

scch software competence center hagenberg

UNIVERSITÀ DI PISA

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO ALMA UNIVERSITAS TAURINENSIS

All future programming will be parallel

University of St Andrews

- No future system will be single-core
  - parallel programming will be essential
- It's not just about performance
  - it's also about energy usage
- If we don't solve the multicore challenge, then no other advances will matter!
  - user interfaces
  - cyber-physical systems
  - robotics
  - games
  - ...

The Manycore Challenge

University of St Andrews

"Ultimately, developers should start thinking about *tens, hundreds, and thousands* of cores *now* in their algorithmic development and deployment pipeline."

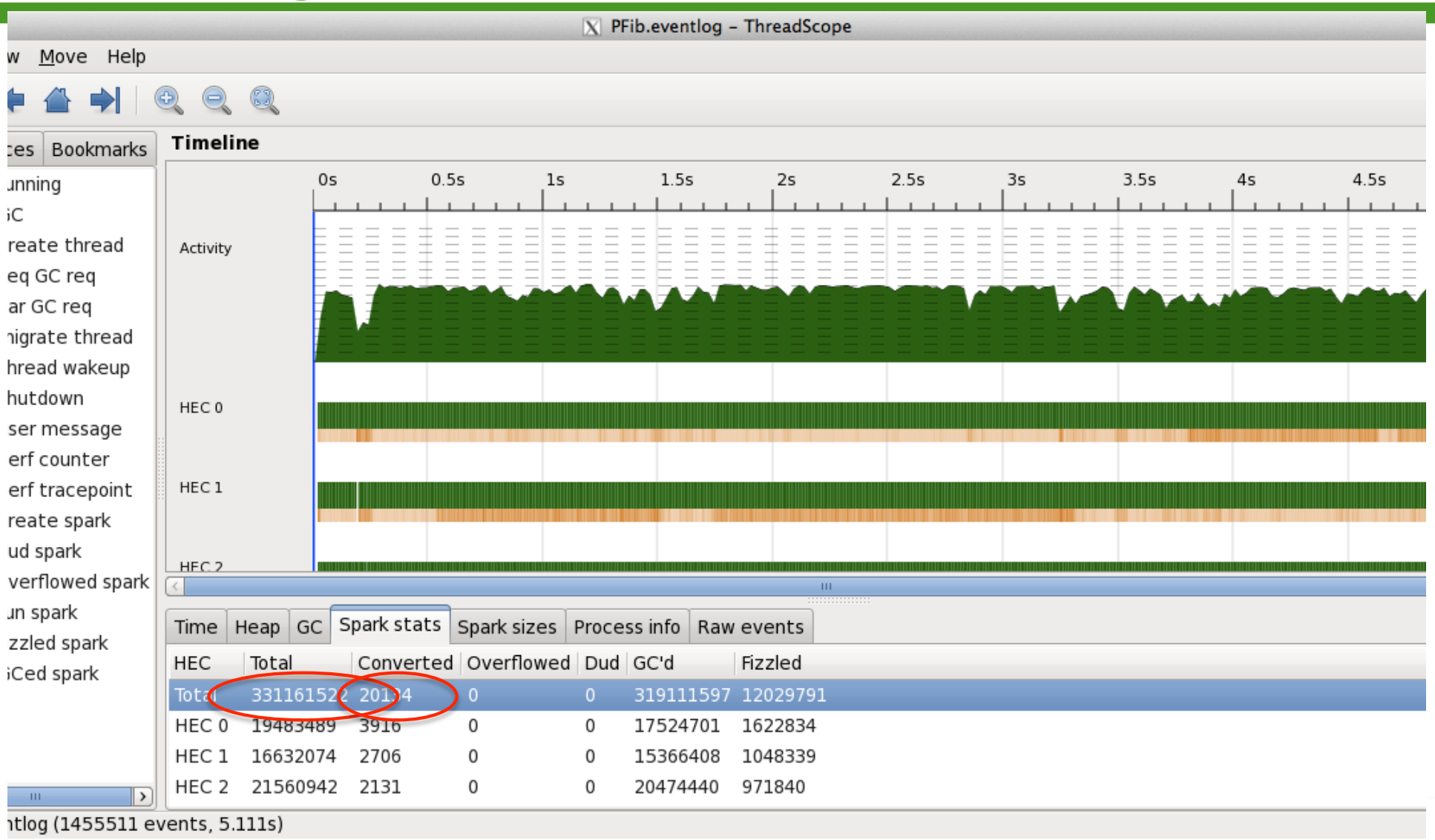
The **ONLY** important challenge in Computer Science
Intel

Also recognised as thematic priorities by EU and national bodies

Patrick Leonard, Vice President for Product Development
Rogue Wave Software

Doesn't that mean millions of threads on a megacore machine??

University of St Andrews



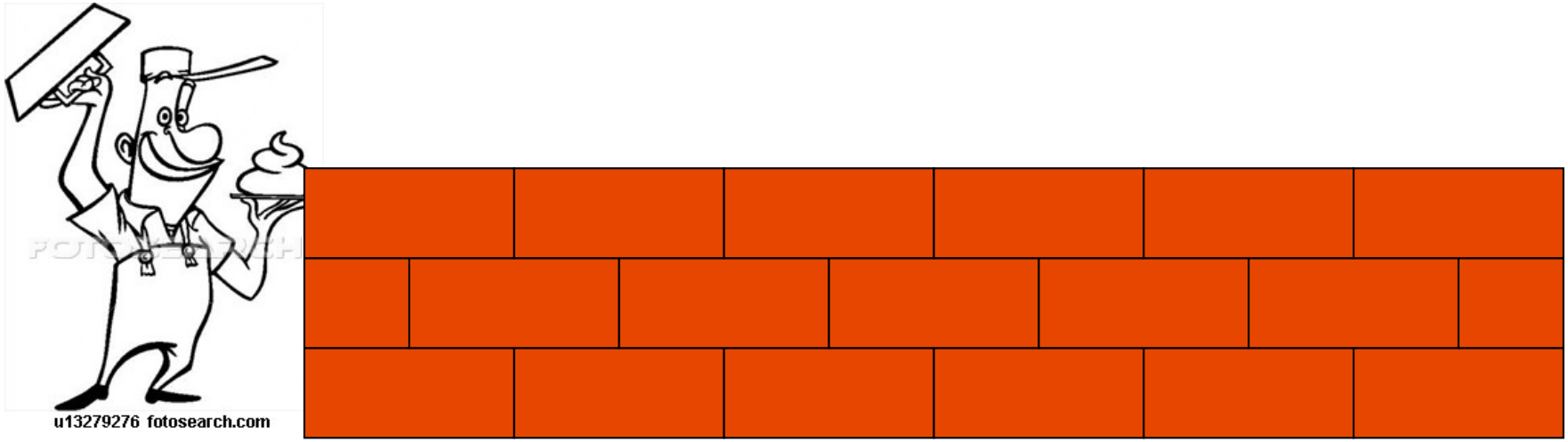
What are we trying to achieve?

University of St Andrews

Parallelism and Concurrency

How to build a wall

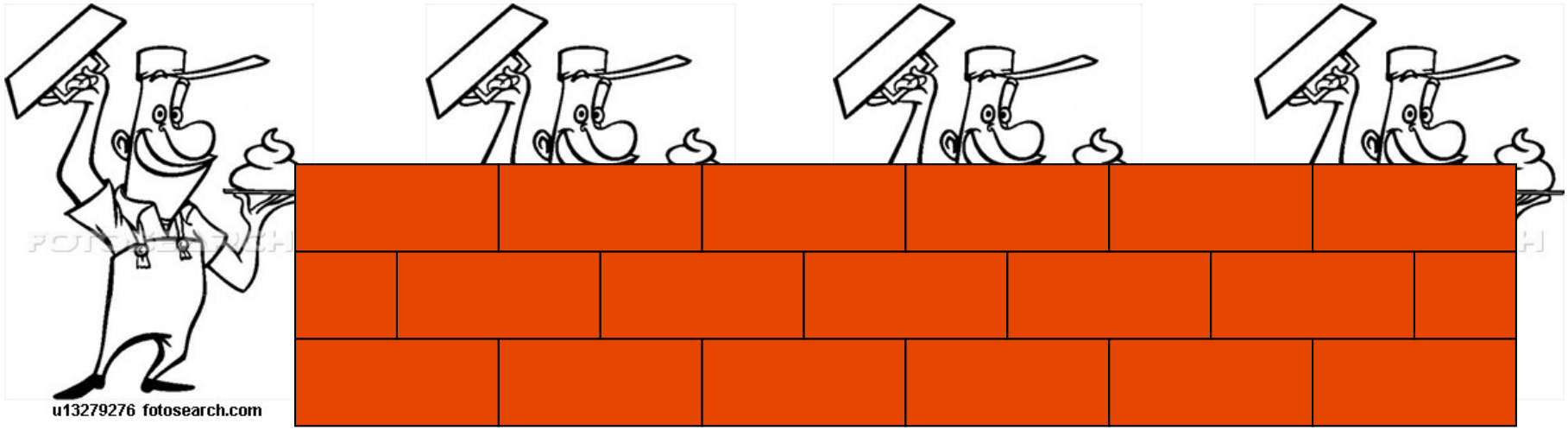
University of St Andrews



(with apologies to Ian Watson, Univ. Manchester)

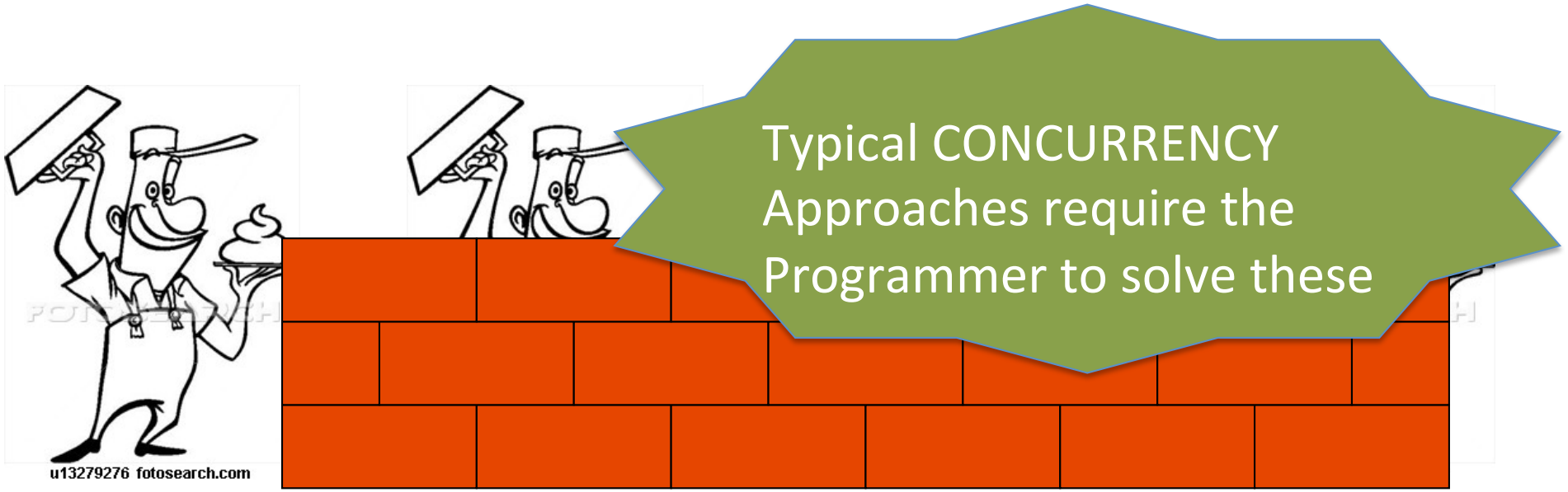
How to build a wall *faster*

University of St Andrews



How NOT to build a wall

University of St Andrews



Task identification is not the only problem…

Must also consider Coordination, communication, placement, scheduling, …

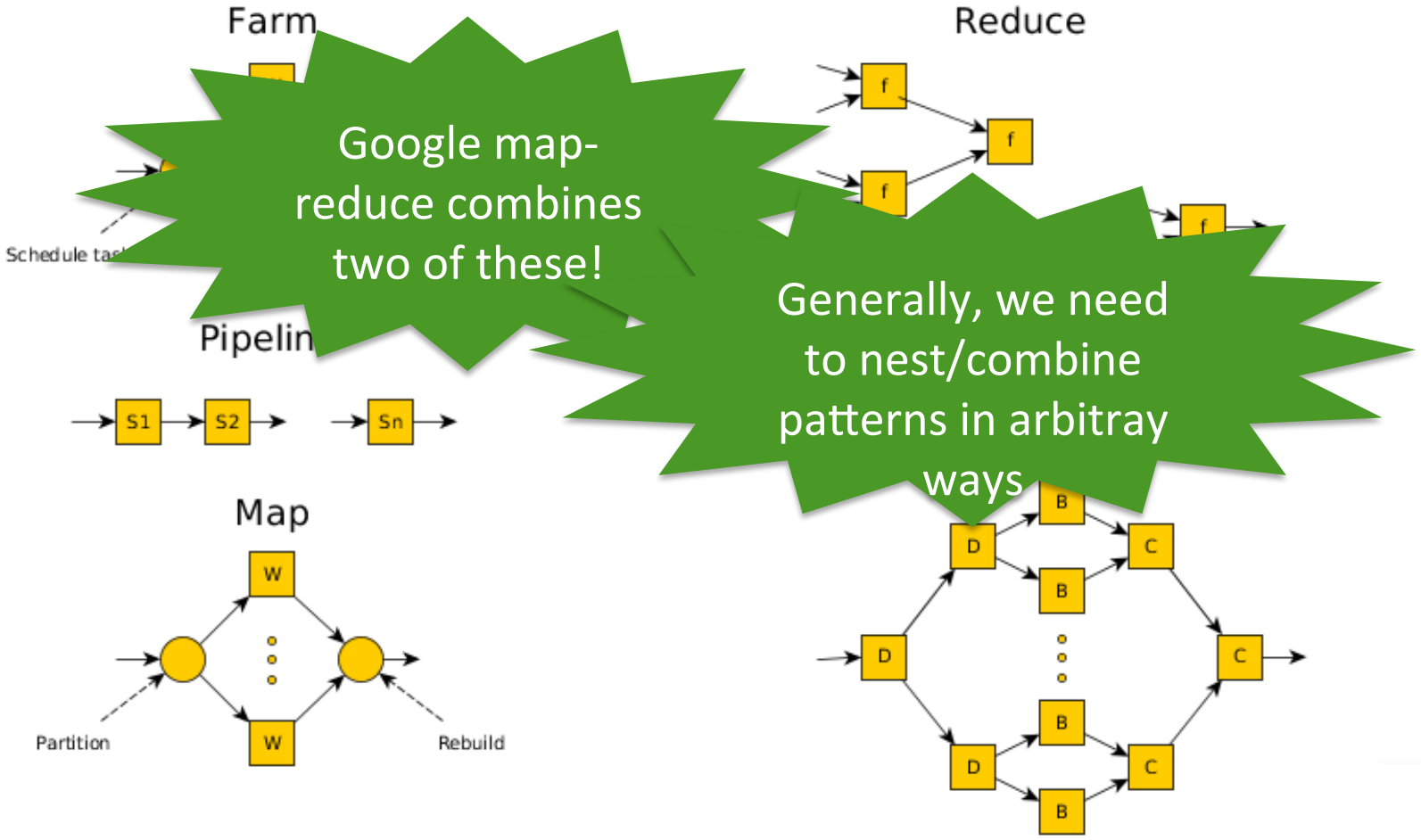
We need structure
We need abstraction

We don't need another brick in the wall

Some Common Patterns

University of St Andrews

- High-level abstract patterns of common parallel algorithms



The ParaPhrase/RePhrase Approach

University of St Andrews

- Start bottom-up
  - identify (strongly hygienic) **COMPONENTS**
  - *using semi-automated refactoring*

both legacy and new programs

- Think about the **PATTERN** of parallelism
  - e.g. map(reduce), task farm, parallel search, parallel completion, ...

- **STRUCTURE** the components into a parallel program
  - ***turn the patterns into concrete (skeleton) code***
  - Take performance, **energy** etc. into account (multi-objective optimisation)
  - also using refactoring

- **RESTRUCTURE** if necessary! (also using refactoring)

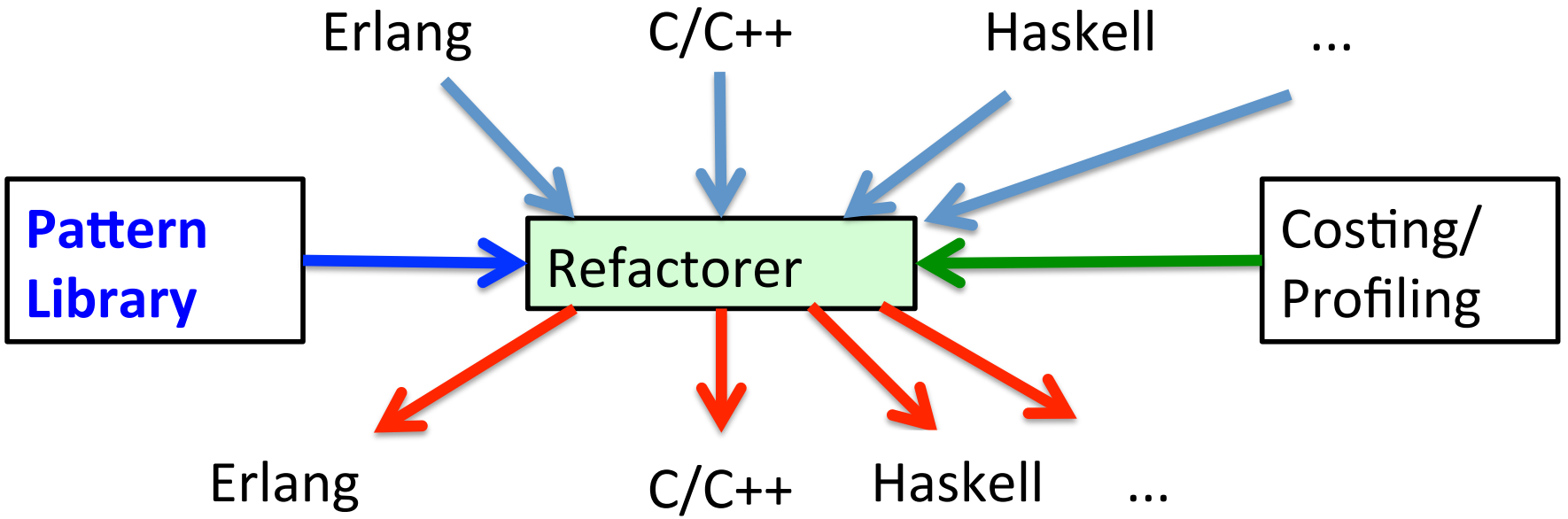
Components and Abstraction

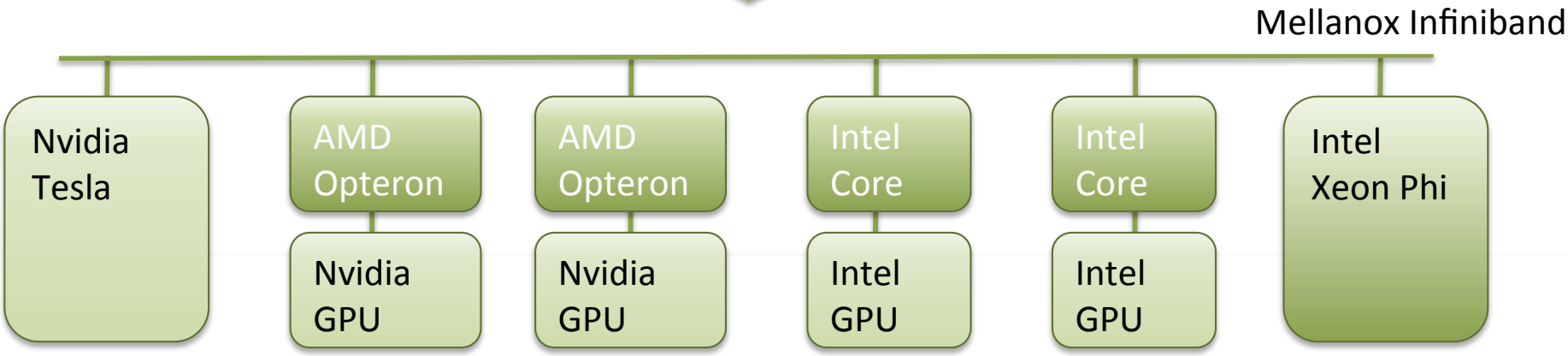
University of St Andrews

- Components give some of the advantages of functional programming
  - clean abstraction
  - pure computations, easily scheduled
  - dependencies can be exposed
- Hygiene/discipline is necessary
  - no unwanted state leakage
    (e.g. in terms of implicit shared memory state)

General Technique

University of St Andrews

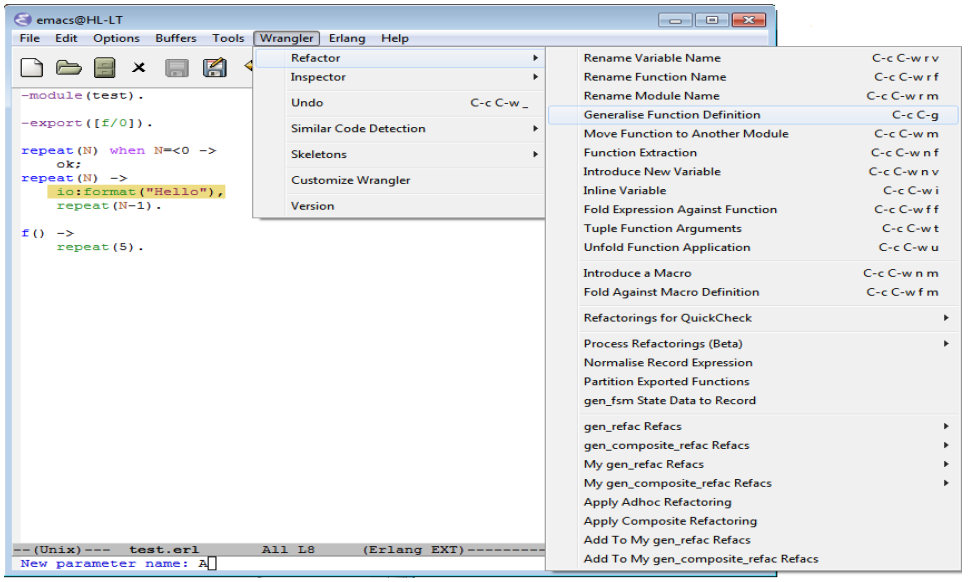




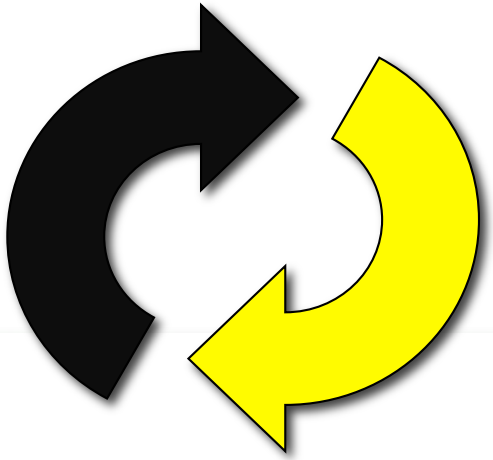
Refactoring

University of St Andrews

- Refactoring **changes** the **structure** **of** the **source code**
  - using well-defined rules
  - *semi-automatically under programmer guidance*



Review

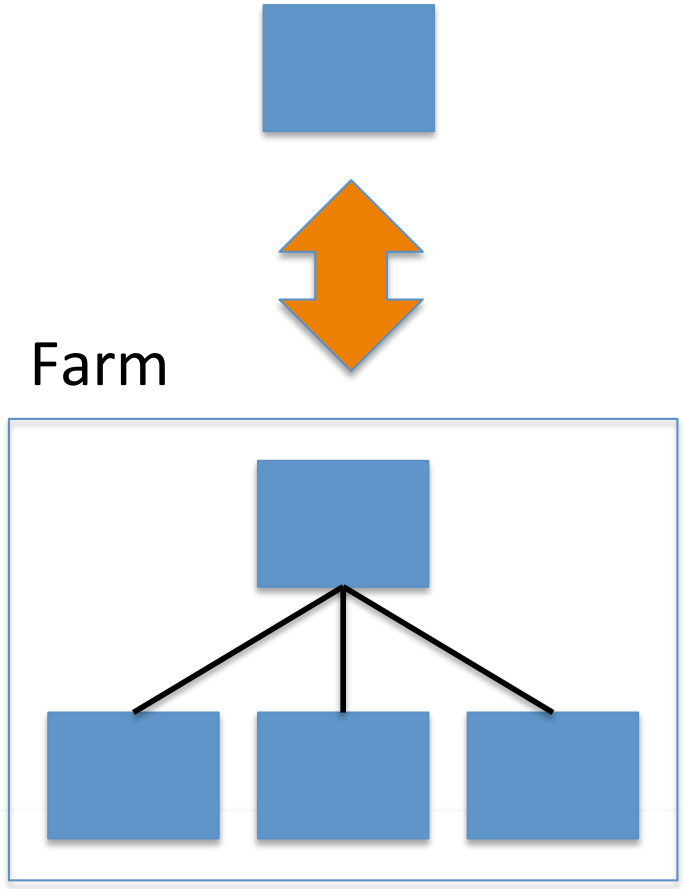


Refactor

Refactoring: Farm Introduction

University of St Andrews

$$S \equiv Farm(S) \qquad \textit{farm intro/elim}$$



ParaPhrase Parallel C++ Refactoring

University of St Andrews

- Integrated into Eclipse
- Supports full C++(11) standard
- Uses strongly hygienic components
  - functional encapsulation (closures)

Image Convolution

```
Component<ff_im> genStage(generate);
Component<ff_im> filterStage(filter);
for(int i = 0; i<NIMGS; i++) {
  r1 = genStage.callWorker(
            new ff_im(images[i]));
  results[i] = filterStage.callWorker(
            new ff_im(r1));
}
```

Step 1: Introduce Components

Step 2: Introduce Pipeline

```
ff_pipeline pipe;
StreamGen streamgen(NIMGS,images);
pipe.add_stage(&streamgen);
pipe.add_stage(new genStage);
pipe.add_stage(new filterStage);

pipe.run_and_wait_end();
```

```
ff_farm<> gen_farm;
gen_farm.add_collector(NULL);
std::vector<ff_node*> gw;
for (int i=0; i<nworkers; i++)
    gw.push_back(new gen_stage);
gen_farm.add_workers(gw);

ff_farm<> filter_farm;
filter_farm.add_collector(NULL);
std::vector<ff_node*> gw2;
for (int i=0; i<nworkers2; i++)
    gw2.push_back(new CPU_Stage);
filter_farm2.add_workers(gw2);

StreamGen streamgen(NIMGS,images);
ff_pipeline pipe;
pipe.add_stage(&streamgen);
pipe.add_stage(&gen_farm);
pipe.add_stage(&filter_farm);

pipe.run_and_wait_end();
```

Step 4: Introduce Farm

```
ff_farm<> gen_farm;
gen_farm.add_collector(NULL);
std::vector<ff_node*> gw;
for (int i=0; i<nworkers; i++)
    gw.push_back(new gen_stage);
gen_farm.add_workers(gw);

ff_pipeline pipe;
StreamGen streamgen(NIMGS,images);
pipe.add_stage(&streamgen);
pipe.add_stage(&gen_farm);
pipe.add_stage(new filterStage);

pipe.run_and_wait_end();
```

Step 3: Introduce Farm

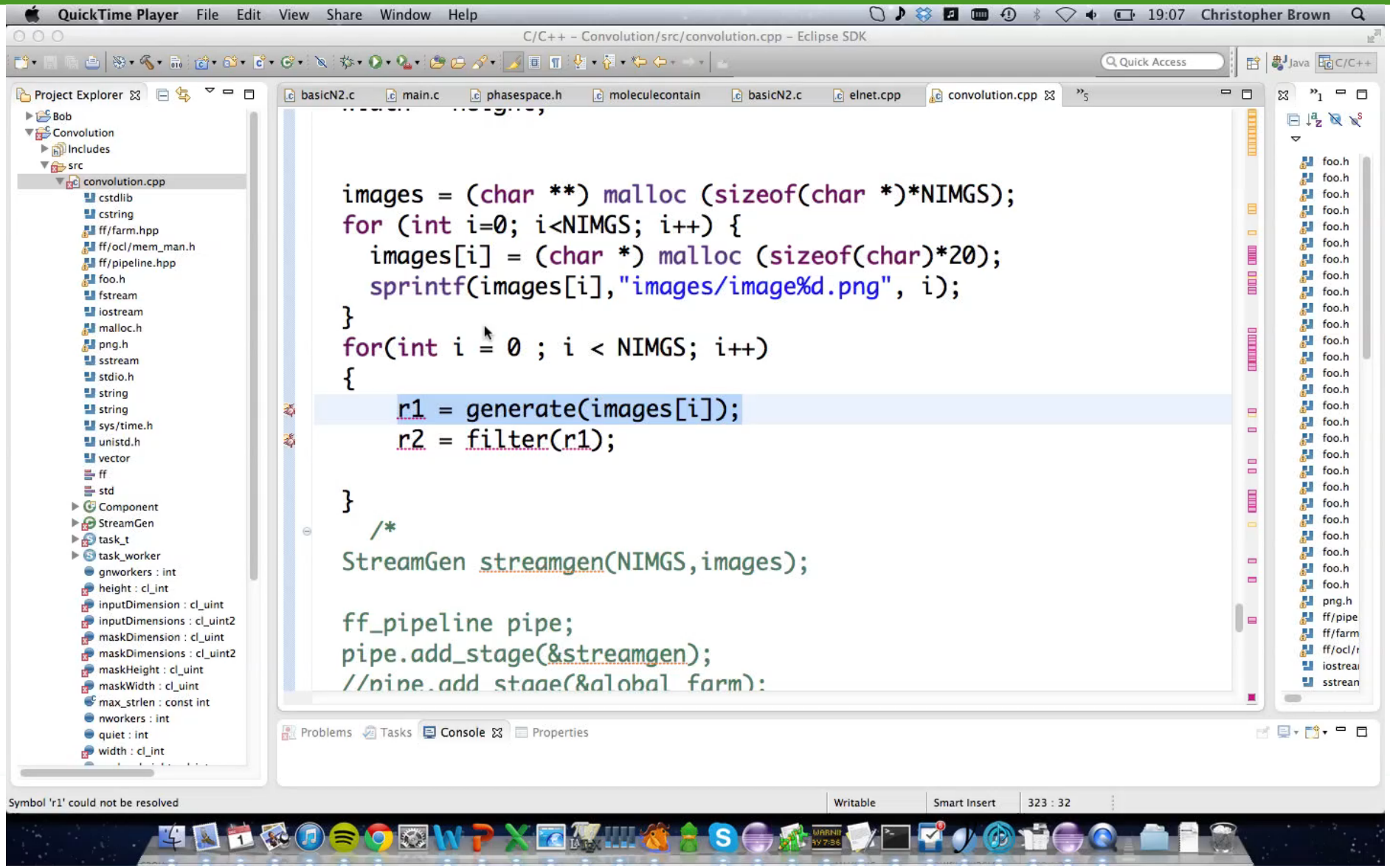
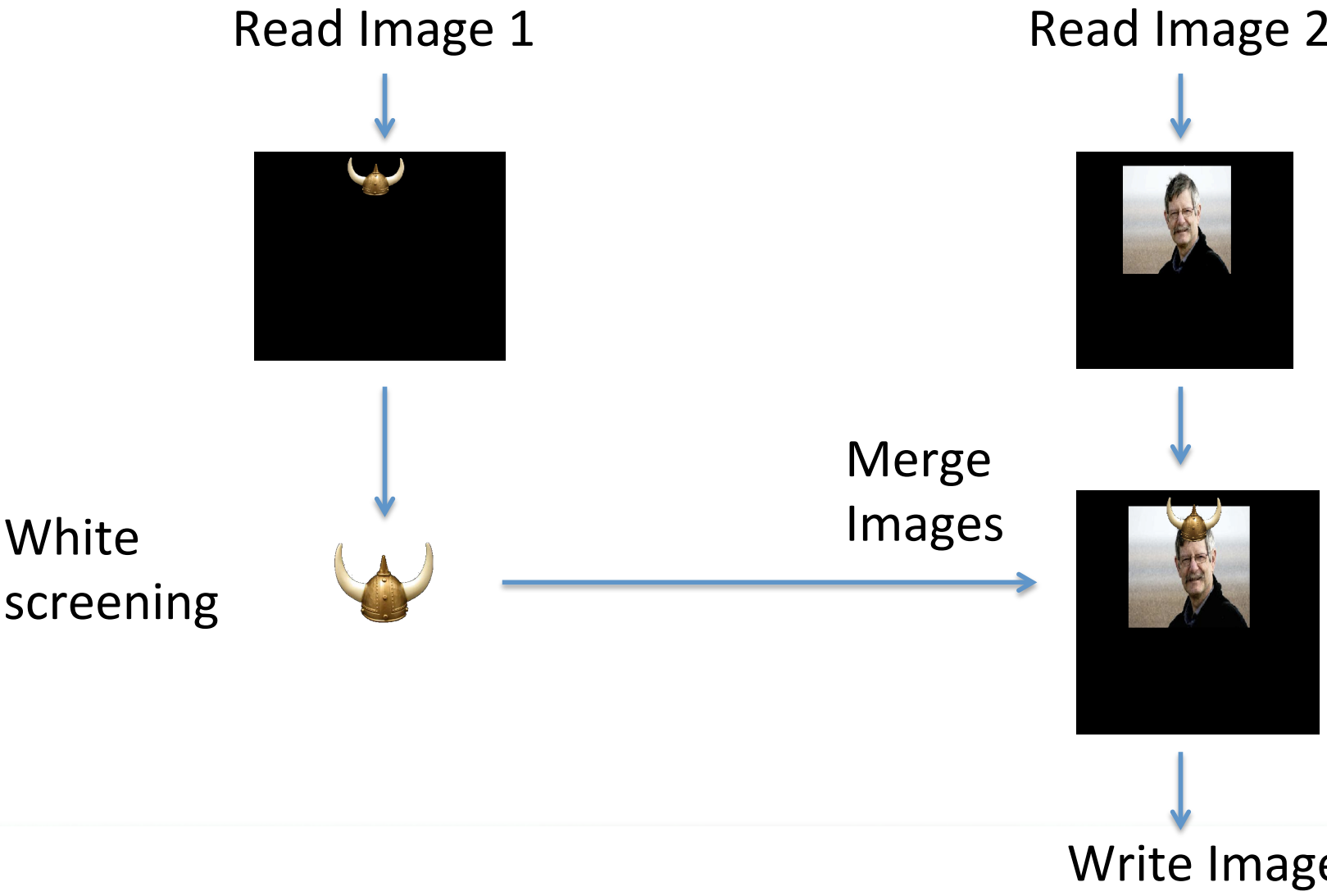

QuickTime Player File Edit View Share Window Help 19:07 Christopher Brown
C/C++ - Convolution/src/convolution.cpp - Eclipse SDK
Project Explorer
Bob
Convolution
Includes
src
convolution.cpp
cstdlib
cstring
ff/farm.hpp
ff/ocl/mem_man.h
ff/pipeline.hpp
foo.h
fstream
iostream
malloc.h
png.h
sstream
stdio.h
string
string
sys/time.h
unistd.h
vector
ff
std
Component
StreamGen
task_t
task_worker
gnworkers : int
height : cl_int
inputDimension : cl_uint
inputDimensions : cl_uint2
maskDimension : cl_uint
maskDimensions : cl_uint2
maskHeight : cl_uint
maskWidth : cl_uint
max_strlen : const int
nworkers : int
quiet : int
width : cl_int
basicN2.c
main.c
phasespace.h
moleculecontain
basicN2.c
elnet.cpp
convolution.cpp
images = (char **) malloc (sizeof(char *)*NIMGS);
for (int i=0; i<NIMGS; i++) {
images[i] = (char *) malloc (sizeof(char)*20);
sprintf(images[i],"images/image%d.png", i);
}
for(int i = 0 ; i < NIMGS; i++)
{
r1 = generate(images[i]);
r2 = filter(r1);
}
/*
StreamGen streamgen(NIMGS,images);
ff_pipeline pipe;
pipe.add_stage(&streamgen);
Problems Tasks Console Properties
Symbol 'r1' could not be resolved
Writable
Smart Insert
323 : 32

Image Processing Example



Basic Erlang Structure

University of St Andrews

```
[ writeImage(convertMerge(readImage(X)))
                                  || X <- Images() ]

readImage({In1, in2, out) ->
      …
      { Image1, Image2, out}.

convertImage({Image1, Image2, out}) ->
      Image1P = whiteScreen(Image1),
      Image2P = mergeImages(Image1, Image2),
      {Image2P, out}.

writeImage({Image, Out}) -> …
```

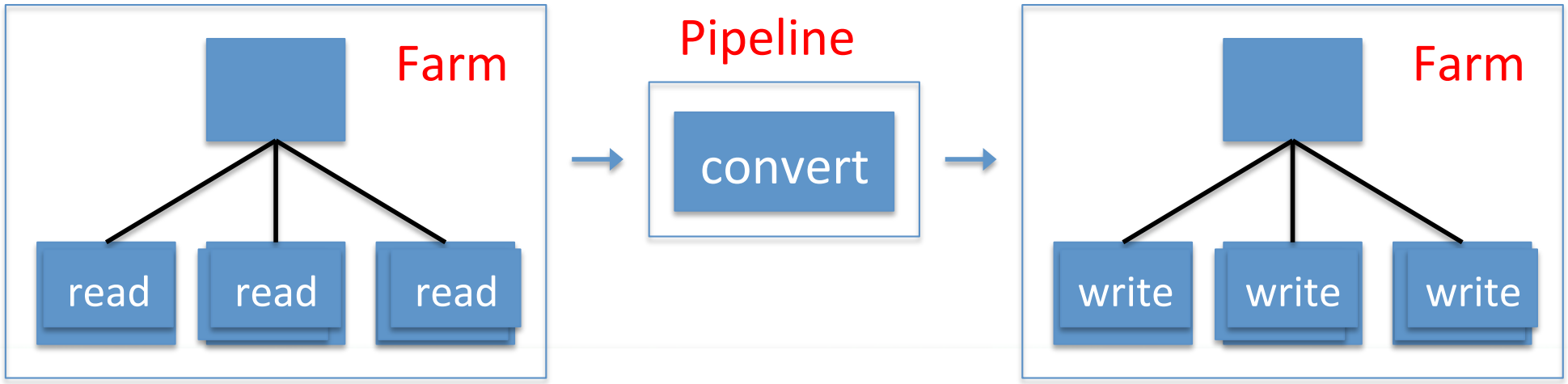
Program Structure

University of St Andrews

Sequential

```
for each image, i.
        write (convert (read i))
```

Parallel



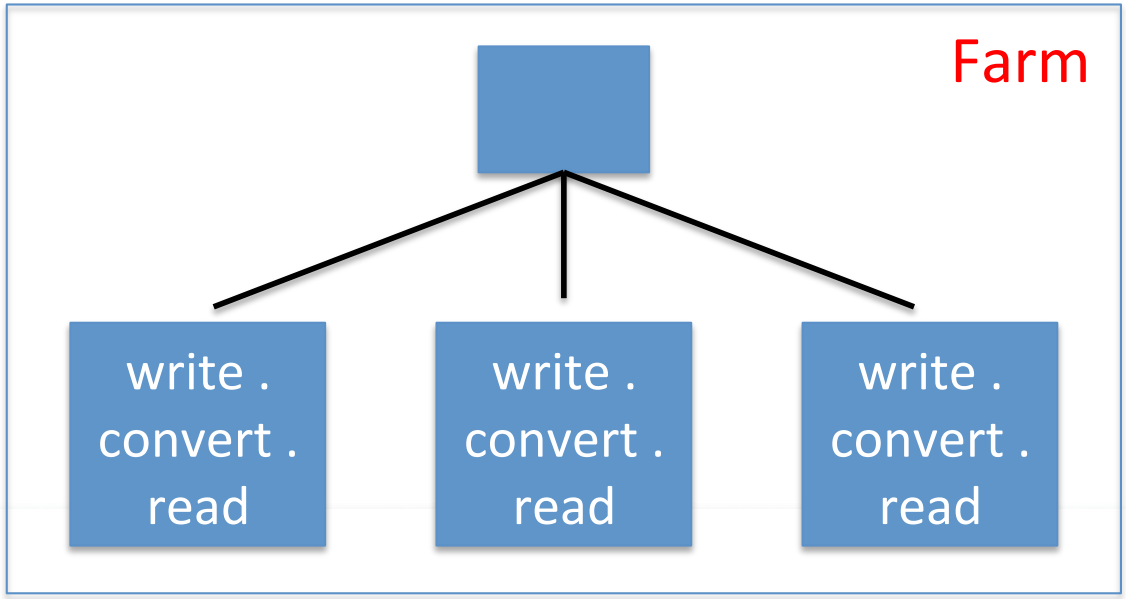
Alternative Program Structure

University of St Andrews

Sequential

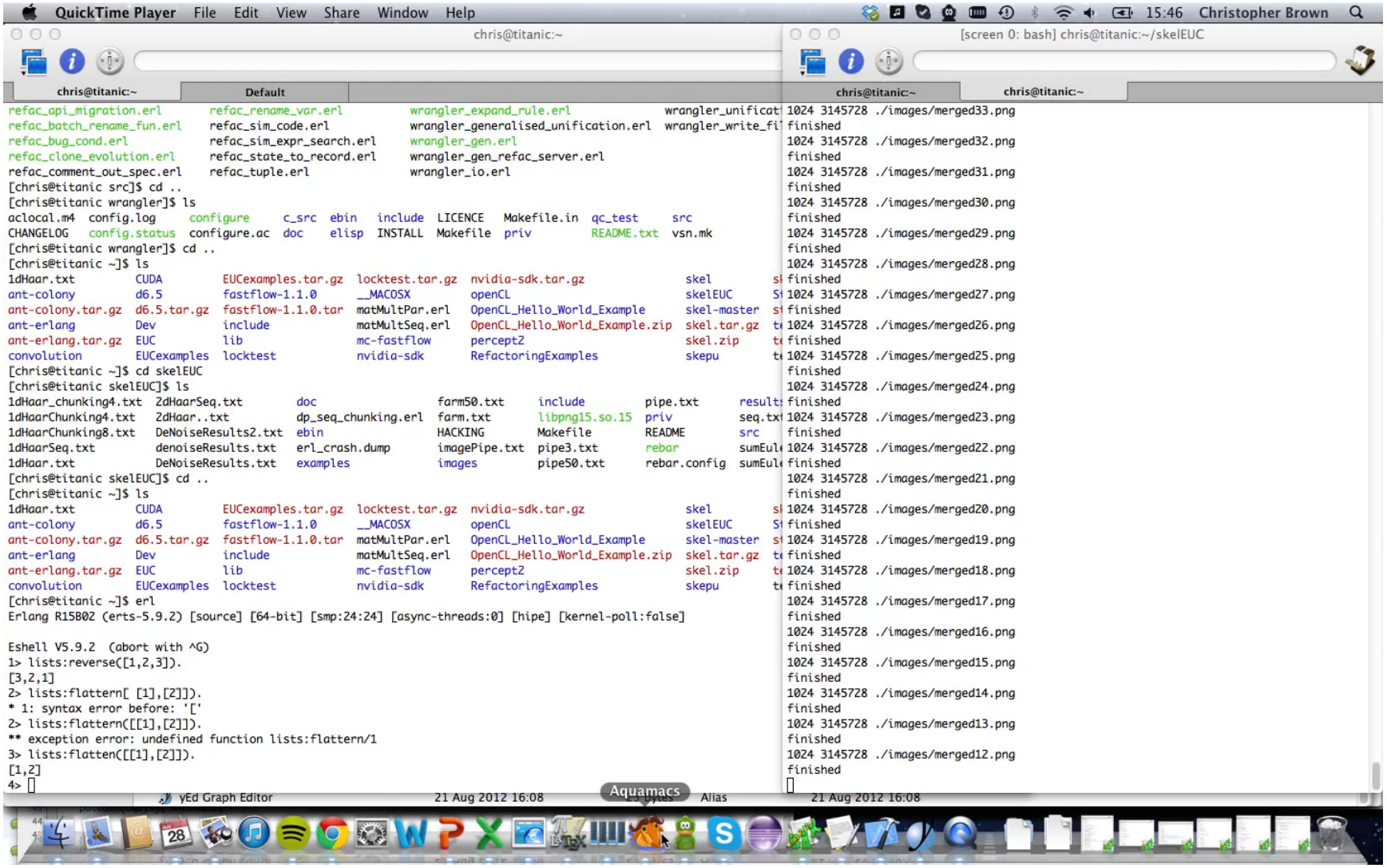
```
for each image, i.
        write (convert (read i))
```

Parallel



Refactoring Demo

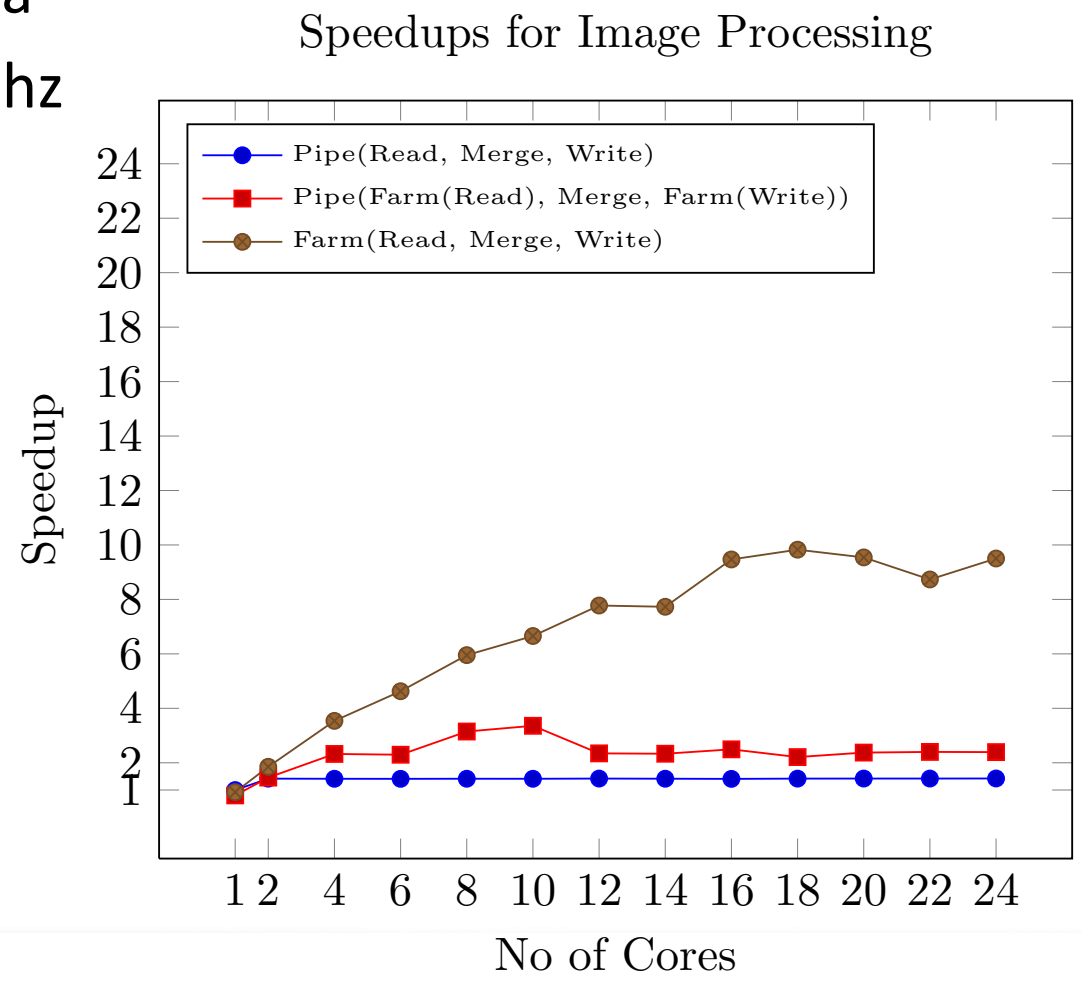
University of St Andrews



Speedup Results

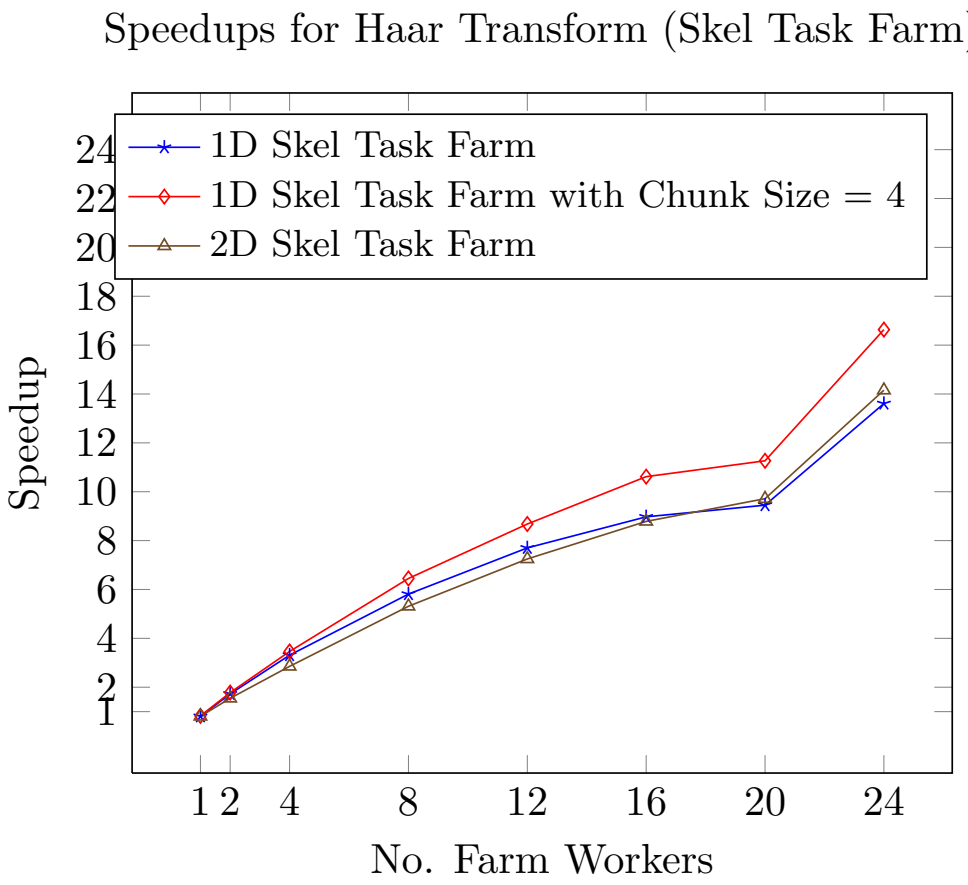
University of St Andrews

- 24 core machine at Uni. Pisa
- AMD Opteron 6176. 800 Mhz
- 32GB RAM



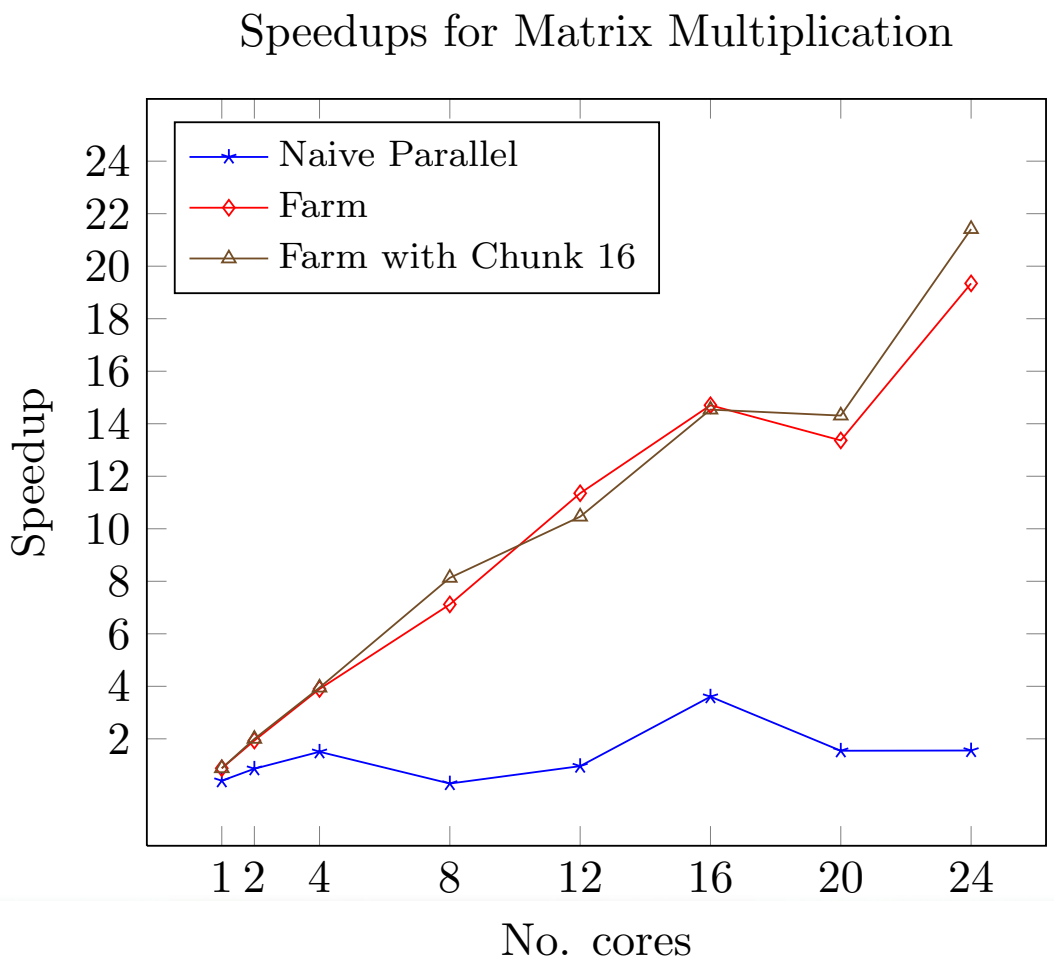
Speedup Results (Image Processing)

University of St Andrews



Using The Right Pattern Matters

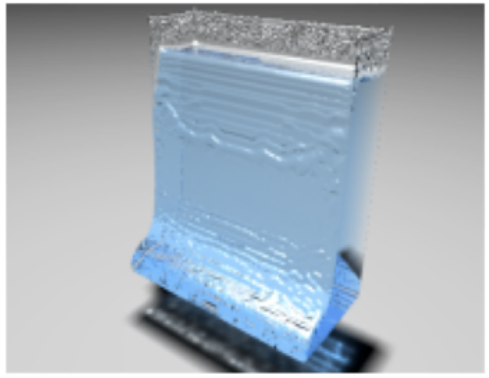
University of St Andrews



Large-Scale Demonstrator Applications

University of St Andrews

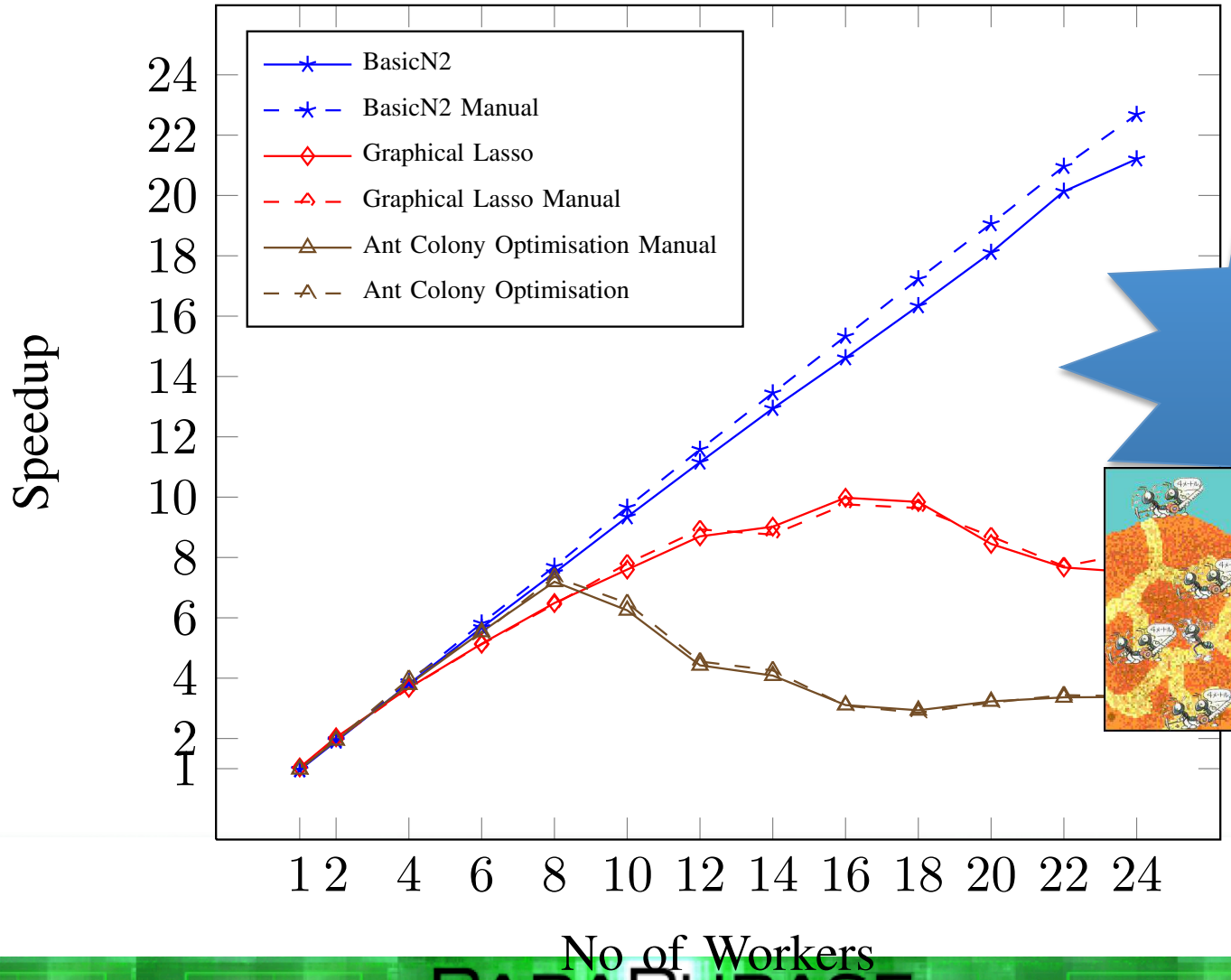
- ParaPhrase tools are being used by commercial/end-user partners
  - SCCH (SME, Austria)
  - Erlang Solutions Ltd (SME, UK)
  - Mellanox (Israel)
  - ELTESoft, Hungary (SME)
  - AGH (University, Poland)
  - HLRS (High Performance Computing Centre, Germany)



Speedup Results (demonstrators)

University of St Andrews

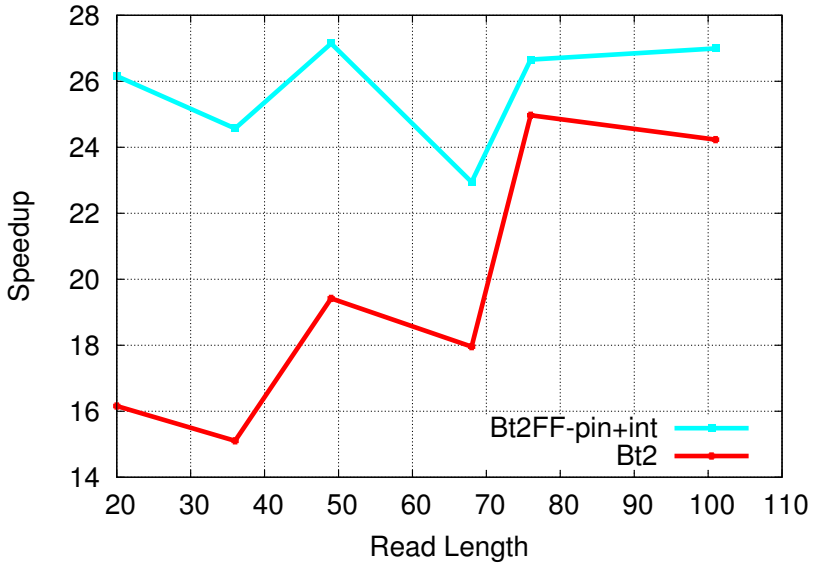
Speedups for Ant Colony, BasicN2 and Graphical Lasso

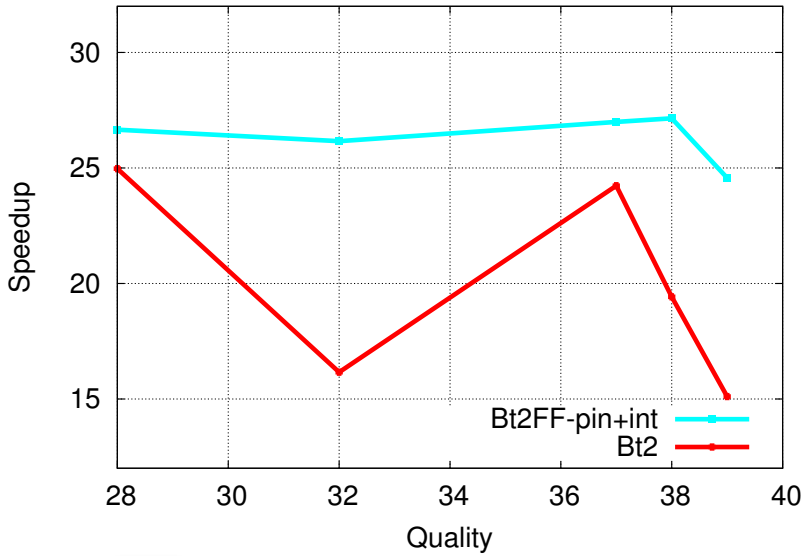


Speedup close to *or better than* manual optimisation

Bowtie2: most widely used DNA alignment tool

University of St Andrews





Original

Paraphrase

Metric	Bt2FF-pin+int	Bt2 interleaved
CPUs utilised	30.408	28.655
Context-switches	34816	199592
CPU-migrations	53	901
IPC	1.01	0.75
Stalled cycles per insn	0.58	0.93
Stalled-cycles-frontend	58.59%	69.67%
Stalled-cycles-backend	38.53%	53.19%
Branches-misses	5.08%	5.20%
L1-dcache-misses (of all L1-dcache hits)	4.07%	3.92%
LLC-load-misses (of all LL-cache hits)	41.62%	46.14%
Execution time (s)	35	55

C. Misale. Accelerating Bowtie2 with a lock-less concurrency approach and memory affinity. IEEE PDP 2014.

Comparison of Development Times

University of St Andrews

	Man.Time	Refac. Time
Convolution	3 days	3 hours
Ant Colony	1 day	1 hour
BasicN2	5 days	5 hours
Graphical Lasso	15 hours	2 hours

Conclusions

University of St Andrews

- The manycore revolution is upon us
  - Computer hardware is changing very rapidly (more than in the last 50 years)
  - The **megacore** era is here (aka exascale, BIG data)
- Heterogeneity and energy are both important
- Most programming models are too low-level
  - concurrency based
  - need to expose mass parallelism
- Patterns and *functional programming* help with abstraction
  - millions of threads, easily controlled
- Refactoring helps with program structure

Isn’t this all just wishful thinking?

University of St Andrews

Rampant-Lambda-Men in St Andrews

NO!

University of St Andrews

- C++11/14 has lambda functions; C++17 will have more
- Java 8 will have lambda (closures)
- Apple uses closures in Swift

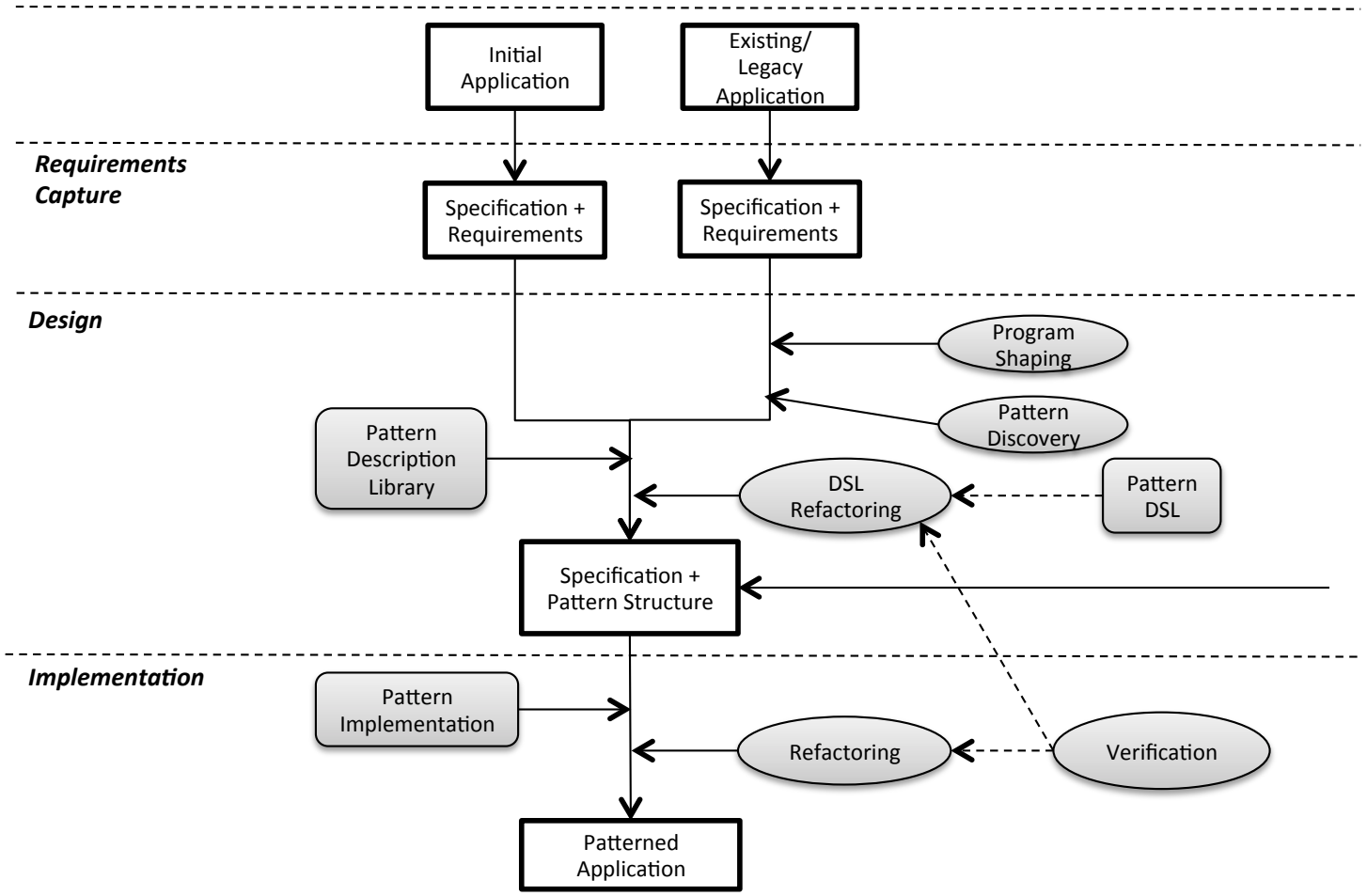
Research Challenges

University of St Andrews

- How do we move software engineering into the manycore era
  - requirements, debugging, testing/verification, development methodologies, legacy codes, etc.
- Can we model parallelism formally
  - when is one program "better" than other
  - Can we prove this???
- How do we deal with the "megacore challenge"
  - scaling, heterogeneity, multiple levels
- What are the best abstractions for parallelism
  - skeletons (what skeletons?), evaluation strategies, ...
  - How do we help the programmer "think parallel"
  - What do we do if a pattern doesn't quite fit the problem
- How do we understand performance
  - visualisation, abstraction, formal reasoning, ...
- How can we analyse resource usage in parallel systems
  - Time, energy, ...
- What about tool support (e.g. refactoring)
- Can we do it all automatically??

Towards a general SE Methodology

University of St Andrews



...

Towards a general SE Methodology (2)

University of St Andrews

Further Reading

University of St Andrews

Chris Brown. Vladimir Janjic, Kevin Hammond, Mehdi Goli and John McCall
"Bridging the Divide: Intelligent Mapping for the Heterogeneous Parallel Programmer", *Submitted to IPDPS 2015*

Chris Brown. Marco Danelutto, Kevin Hammond, Peter Kilpatrick and Sam Elliot
"Cost-Directed Refactoring for Parallel Erlang Programs"
International Journal of Parallel Programming, 2014

Chris B[illegible]yn. Ha[illegible] Wolfgang Loidl and Kevin Hammond
[illegible]allel Haskell Programs using Novel Refactoring Techniques"
[illegible]Programming (TFP), Madrid, Spain, May 2011

[illegible] Vladimir Janjic and Kevin Hammond
[illegible]ion Replay for Parallel Haskell Programs"
Proc. [illegible] Trend[illegible]n Functional Programming (TFP), St Andrews, UK, June 2012

Ask me for copies!
Many technical results also on the project web site:
free for download!

Funded by

University of St Andrews

- **RePhrase (Horizon 2020), Software Engineering for Parallelism,**
  €3.7M, 2015-2018
- **ParaPhrase (EU FP7), Patterns for heterogeneous multicore,**
  €4.2M, 2011-2015
- **SCIEnce (EU FP6), Grid/Cloud/Multicore coordination**
  €3.2M, 2005-2012
- **Advance (EU FP7), Multicore streaming**
  €2.7M, 2010-2013
- **HPC-GAP (EPSRC), Legacy system on thousands of cores**
  £1.6M, 2010-2014
- **Islay (EPSRC), Real-time FPGA streaming implementation**
  £1.4M, 2008-2011

Some of our Industrial Connections

University of St Andrews

IBM

Software Competence Centre, Hagenberg

Erlang Solutions Ltd

Mellanox Inc.

SAP GmbH, Karlsrühe

BAe Systems

Selex Galileo

Philips Healthcare

Microsoft Research

Well-Typed LLC

ParaPhrase Needs You!

University of St Andrews

- Please join our mailing list and help grow our user community
  - news items
  - access to free development software
  - chat to the developers
  - free developer workshops
  - bug tracking and fixing
  - Tools for both Erlang and C++
- Subscribe at

  https://mailman.cs.st-andrews.ac.uk/mailman/listinfo/paraphrase-news
- We're also looking for open source developers...

University of St Andrews

THANK YOU!

http://www.paraphrase-ict.eu

http://www.project-advance.eu

@paraphrase_fp7